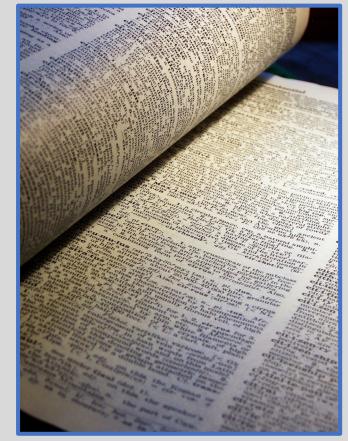
Best Practices for Treatment Courts

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Definition of Treatment Courts

- Treatment courts are specialized court dockets that serve justice involved individuals with behavioral health issues including substance use, and mental illness.
- Represent a shift from traditional criminal justice system approaches of adjudication and punishment, with a focus and therapeutic interventions and accountability.
- Brings together bench officers, prosecutors, defence attorneys, treatment providers, community supervision, in a collaborative effort.





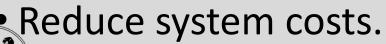


Goals of Treatment Courts

- Reduce recidivism of justice involved populations.
- Support sobriety, recovery, and successful reintegration into the community of individuals with behavioral health problems.









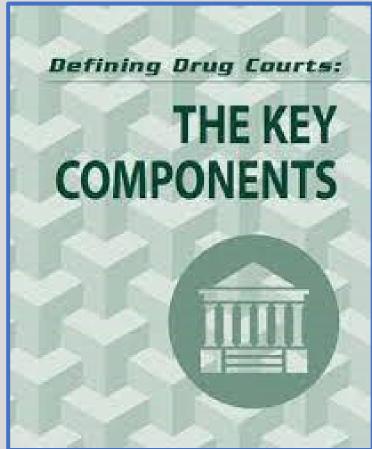
Best Practices





Ten Key Components

- 1. Integration of treatment services with justice system case processing
- 2. Non-adversarial approach
- 3. Prompt placement in the program
- 4. Continuum of tx and rehab services
- 5. Frequent AOD testing
- 6. Coordinated strategy
- 7. Judicial interaction

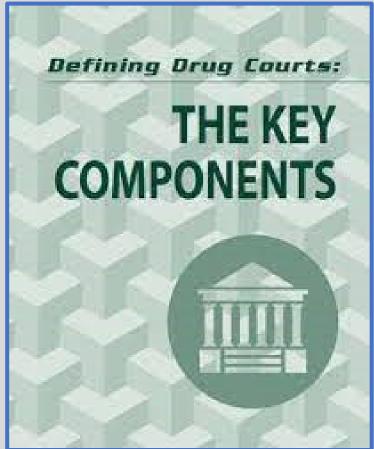






Ten Key Components

- 8. Monitoring and evaluation
- 9. Continuing interdisciplinary education
- 10.Partnerships with agencies outside the justice system







Principles for DWI Courts

- 1. Determine the population
- 2. Perform a clinical assessment
- 3. Develop the Tx plan
- 4. Supervise the offender
- 5. Forge agency, organization, and community partnerships

NCDC National Center for DWI Courts	
The Ten Guiding Principles Of DWI Courts	
Advalmateral Involves. Divisional film Kell/OF	



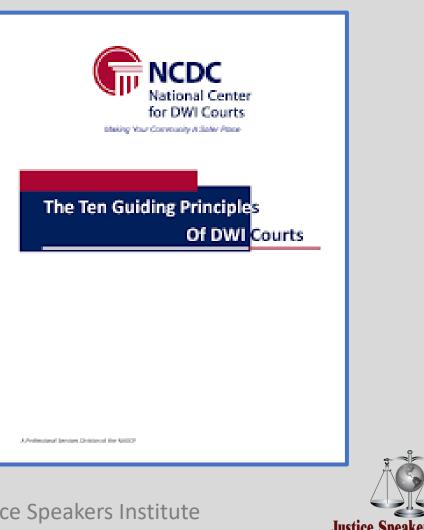
Principles DWI, cont.

- 5. Forge agency, organization, and community partnerships
- 6. Take a judicial leadership role
- 7. Develop case management strategies
- 8. Address transportation issues



Evaluate the program

. Create a sustainable for Treatment Courts – Justice Speakers Institute



PROMOTING JUSTICE WORLDWID

nrogram

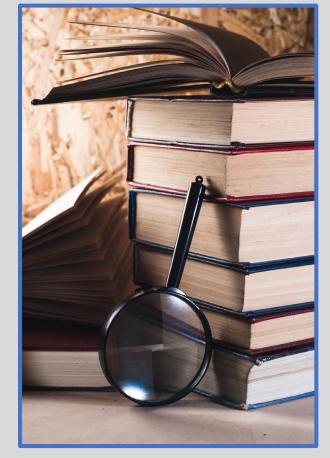
Research Supported Practices





The Research

- Between 2000 and 2016, Northeast P C (NPC) completed almost 200 Drug Court evaluations and research studies across the United states.
- The programs included adult juvenile DWI/DUI, and family Treatment Courts.
- The research found over 50 practices that were related to significantly lower
 recidivism, lower costs, or both.

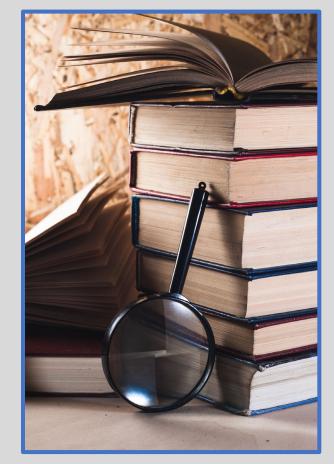






The Research

- In the area of recidivism, the research found:
 - Treatment Courts reduce recidivism.
 - Recidivism was decreased by up to 14 years after participation.
 - The average recidivism reduction was about 18%.
 - Some courts achieved a more than 60% reduction.

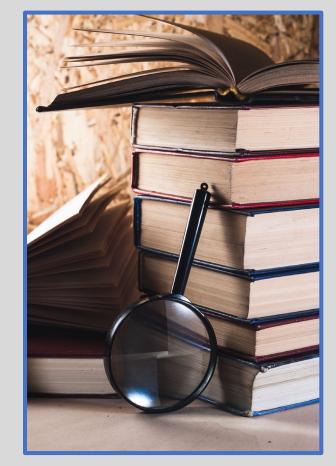






Themes from the research

- Team engagement
- Wrap around services
- Drug testing
- Responses to participant behavior
- Treatment Court hearings and the judge's role
- Data collection and monitoring
- Training







National (US) Best Practice Standards





Volume I

- I. Target Population (all else flows from this)
- II. Historically Disadvantaged Groups
- III. Roles & Responsibilities of the Judge
- IV. Incentives, Sanctions, & Therapeutic Adjustments
- V. Substance Abuse Treatment







Volume II

- VI. Complementary Treatment and Social Services
- VII. Drug & Alcohol Testing VIII. Multidisciplinary Team
- IX. Census & Caseloads
- X. Monitoring & Evaluation









Recipe for Success

- Send us the high value cases
- Fidelity to the 10 Key Components until proven otherwise!
- Ongoing judicial authority
- Interagency team approach
- Get it right the first time







Summary

Success in Drug Court depends on Applying ALL of The Ten Key Components as a Framework





